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	APPLICATION NO. :	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
	10/714,448	11/17/2003	William Brown	7567/80872	9367
	759	90 05/05/2004		EXAM	INER
	Michael A. Sai	nzo		. BERNHARDT, EMILY B	
Fitch, Even, Tabin & Flannery					
	Suite 401L	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	1801 K Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20006-1201			1624 DATE MAILED: 05/05/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary  Examiner Emily Bernhardt  The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address of the steep sheet of the cover sheet with the correspondence address of the cover sheet with the correspondenc					
Emily Bernhardt  The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address of Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status  1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
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2a) This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the m	norita ia				
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-18</u> is/are rejected.					
r) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
☑ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-	-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
) All b) Some * c) None of:					
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. <u>10/149,981</u> .	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 10/149,981.				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/17/2003.  5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-15)  Other:	52)				
6. Patent and Trademark Office TOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)  Office Action Summary  Part of Paper No./Mail Date (	04292004				

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The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because a structural formula should be presented which clearly shows applicants' invention. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The claim needs to be modified. Note that the claim should be one sentence long. A semicolon should follow "iodo" on p.23 followed by "wherein".

Claims 1-2, 6-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention.

1. "Isomers" at the end of claim 1 reads on all compounds having the same formula and weight as that depicted in formula (I). Such isomers would certainly have quite different properties and different structure from that particularly defined herein. There is no basis by way of working examples showing all position isomers, for example, having the requisite delta binding activity, needed to practice the invention. "Stereoisomers" would not be objected to.

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2.Scope of uses embraced in claims 17 and 18 are not adequately enabled solely based on screening tests for opioid receptor binding reported in the specification. The notion that simply being able to act as a delta (etc.) receptor agonist will enable treatment of all spinal injuries and gastro-intestinal disorders, etc. is not substantiated by any art-recognized evidence. While there exists a correlation for pain and analgesia as discussed on p.1 of the specification there is no evidence of record that there is a correlation of success for the vast scope urged treatable. See Burkey and Nagase articles (Medline abstracts cited by applicants) provided herewith which deal solely with treating pain.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC ' 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

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Claims 7-14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Claims drafted in terms of use have been held to be non-statutory. Note Clinical Products v. Brenner 149 USPQ 475

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101 which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer <u>cannot</u> overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claim 3 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claim 3 of prior U.S. Patent No. 6,680,318. This is a double patenting rejection.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1,2, 4-6 and 15-16 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of U.S. Patent No. 6,680,318. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the same species are being covered by the two sets of claims since US'318 is the parent of instant case. Note should applicants amend the claims as was done in parent to address the "isomer" rejection above, the claims may be subject to statutory double patenting rejection.

The title of the invention is not descriptive. A new title is required that is clearly indicative of the invention to which the claims are directed.

The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: The parent history should be one sentence for the 120 and 371 benefit cases. See MPEP 1302.04.

Appropriate correction is required.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Emily Bernhardt whose telephone number is (571) 272-0664.

If attempts to reach the examiner by phone are unsuccessful, the supervisor for AU 1624, Dr. Mukund Shah, can be reached at (571)272-0674.

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The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

F. Benhard

**PRIMARY EXAMINER** 

**Group 1600**